01798

1995/01/00

SIDE BY SIDE REVIEW OF THE COMMERCIAL SPACE LAUNCH AGREEMENTS

Frepared by Toldenburg State Department (202)647-2842

U.S. - RUSSIAN COMMERCIAL SPACE LAUNCH AGREEMENT

U.S. - PRC COMMERCIAL SPACE LAUNCH AGREEMENT

AGREMENT STREET OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE MITTER, STREET, STREET OF THE STREET, STREET STREET, STRE

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of the Russian Pederation (hereinefter the "Parties"), Recalling the contributions of all space-faring nations in developing space launch industries,

Taking note of the importance of access to space for

peaceful purposes,

Recognizing the utility of developing multilateral principles for government involvement in commercial apace launch activities,

Bearing in mind that the Russian space leunch sector is in the process of transition to operation based on market principles, and

Desiring to facilitate sarly Russian antry into the international commercial space launch market in a manner that encourages market-oriented reform in the Russian economy, including its space-launch sector; permits Russian entities to offer commercial space launch services to international customers at fair and ressonable prices, consistent with market principles; and does not disrupt the international market for commercial apace launch services,

Have agreed as follows:

Commercial Space Launch Agreement (CSLA)

- . Statement is appropriate in that this is the first CSLA with Russia
- Specifies launch services to "international customers" early in the Agreement

HENOMANDUM OF AGREEMENT SETWEEN THE COVINHHENT OF THE VUNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S AREADING INTERMATIONAL THADE IN COMMERCIAL LAUNCH SERVICES

1. EUREOSE

The Government of the United States of Ancrice (U.S.) and the Government of the People's Populitic of Ching (PPT) have entered into this Memorandum of Agreement (Agreement), of which the attached Annex is an integral part, to address certain issues reparding international trade in commercial launch services including entry in an appropriate manner of the PRC into the international mathet for commercial launch services

ς;

TRADE ISSUES AND HARSET ENTRY

The Delegation of the People's Republic of China and the Delegation of the United States of America held two founds of negotiations in Baijing and Mashington, b.C. As a result of these discussions, the parties have agreed that certain pressures are appropriate to address certain issues regarding international trade in commercial launch services, including entry in an appropriate manner of PRC providers of commercial launch into the international market for commercial launch services. Accordingly, the U.S. and the PRC have agreed as follows:

. a. The U.S. and the PRC support the application of rather principles to international cospectition among providers of connectial lawner services, including the avoidance of being-uest pricing,

1. Clear statement of purpose

2

- Definitions are outlined in an attached Annex vice an article in;the Agreement (Reference Russian CSLA)
- Appropriate for first agreement but not for a follow-on agreement
- Reads more like a reporting cable instead of a formal agreement

AMISTER I
DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Agradant,

1. "Commercial appea launch services" means the

Sommercially offered or provided services to launch into space

4.

PRC shall take steps to ensure that providers of consercial

to bring about entry in an appropriate

government industments, and unfair trade practices.

launch services controlled by or operating within the territory of the PAC do not materially impain the smooth and effective

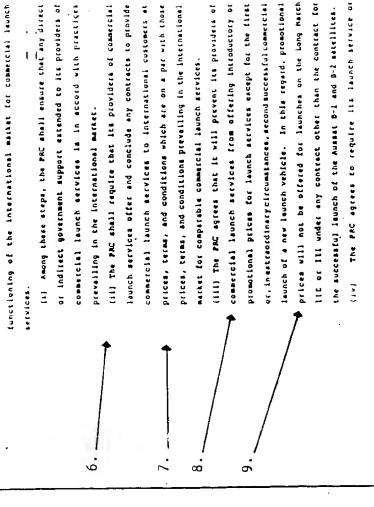
consercially offered or provided services to leanth into space eny spacecraft or setablite, including but not limited to consunications satellites, for an interactional customer;

2. **Russian space launch service providers* seems any entity, or agent or instrumentality acting on its behalf, parmitted by the Government of the Russian Pederation to provide consected space launch services or the space launch vehicles for such services.

Š

- of carporation, company, esacciation, venture, partnership, or other entity, whether or not organized for pecuniary gain, or privately or governantally owned or controlled; or any gevernantal body, excluding the Gevernant of the United States of Lastica and the Governant of the Russian Federation; or any intergovernantal organization or quasi-governantal consortius, including but not listed to intitiat, intuiting that the transfer or espective legal auccessors, that is the ultimate owner or operator of a spacecraft or establite or that vill deliver the spacecraft or establite to orbit for use by such ultimate owner or or operator.
- 4. *Contract asans (1) to agree or cosmit to the provision of cosmercial space leunch services such that a leunch

9



-). Definitions are outlined within the text of the Agreement vice an Annex as in the China CSLA
- · Specifically does not limit communication satellites
 - In the PRC CSLA there is no comparable definition for "Chinese space launch service providers"
- 6. The emphasis here is "contract" vice "committment" as outlined in the PRC CSLA
- 5. Outlines specifically PRC actions (PRC shall) vice "the Parties shall" as in the Russian CSLA
- "Contract" is not defined in the PRC Agreement unlike the Russian CSLA
- Pricing and terms that are "on a par" vice specific percentage as in the CSLA (Russian)
- 8. "Comparable commercial launch services" is not defined
- 9. "Promotional pricing" is not included in Russian CSLA

is effectively removed from competition in the international market, or (ii) any such agreement or consitment.

commercial apace leunch services offered to leunch as pacedraft of the veight oless that is the subject of a leunch compatition. taking into consideration specific factors that may be considered when evaluating the price, terms and conditions of such asrvices. Including, but not limited to, intended orbit, risk management, finanding, satellite lifeties on orbit and integration costs.

6. *Inducezents* zeros any incentive offered or provided to influence the purchase of commercial space launch services, including, but not limited to, the provision of any resources of commercial value unrelated to the launch service competition as well as offers to participate under favorable conditions in the implementation of defence and national security policies and programs, and development assistance policies and programs.

T, sunfair business practices" includes the saking of any offer, a payment, a promise to pay, a promise or offer of anything et value or to authorise the payment of anything of value, or any promise to make such payment, to any official, individuel, or any other entity for the purpose of obtaining or setaining business for or with, or directing business to, any person, including making payment to a person while knowing that all or a portion of the payment will be offered, given or promised, directly or incircotly, to any official, individuel or

Animet supressed by several countries, the Jul suppressed its understanding. The PRC explained that, Chins has a limited capability of manufacturing launch vehicles. In addition to meeting the needs of domestic Chinese satellite launches, its providers of commercial launch services are only able to offer a limited number of communications satellite launches each year for international customers. Chinese launch services, therefore, are only a supplement to the world market, providing international customers with a new option.

inaurance of reflight quatantees on a par with prevailing rates and practices in international markets for comparable

inautance providers to offer international customers ony

After mutual and fedendly consultations, the U.S. and the IEC agreed:

- 11.
- (1) PAC providers of connected launch services shall not launch more than 9 cv of feetions satellites for international customers (inc., any the two AUSSAT and one ASIASAT satellites) during the period of this Agreement, and
- (ii) The PRC shall require that any commitments to provide commercial launch services to international customers by PRC launch service providers are proportionately distributed over the period of the Agreement. To this and, the PRC shall prevent a dispruportionate

7

- 7. "Comparable commercial space launch service" is unique to Russian CSLA in that it has definition. It is only mentioned in the PRC CSLA in Art II(b)(ii)
- 8. "Unfair business practices" is not defined in the PRC CSLA
- 10. China is working on 5 new launch designs that may be used during the follow-on Agreement
- 1. China shall not "launch" vice "contract for launch" Russian CSLA
- 12. Launches must occur during the Agreement, unlike the Restan CSLA
- Specification of "a communication satellites"; a vice (Russian CSLA); emphasis on COMSATS; no exceptions mentioned; no mention of dual-manifesting
- . "Proportionately distributed" vice "no more than 2 per 12 month neriod"

is effectively removed from compatition in the international merket, or (11) any such agreement or consitment.

taking into consideration specific factors that may be considered when evaluating the price, terms and conditions of such estrices, of the weight place that is the aubject of a launch competition. including, but not limited to, intended orbit, risk mensqueent, commercial apade launch' services effered to leunch a specedraft *Comparable Gonzaratel apace leunch estylces" seine threading, satellite litetime on orbit and integration costs.

6. "Indugaments" means any incentive offered or provided to including, but not limited to, the provision of any resources of commercial value unrelated to the launch service competition se well as offers to perticipate under favorable conditions in the implementation of defense and national security policies and influence the purchase of conseraist space tounch services, programs, and devalopment assistance policies and programs.

promised, directly or indirectly, to any official, individual or 7. sunfair business practices includes the making of any persons including maxing payment to a person while knowing that individual, or any other entity for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business for or vith, or directing business to, any enything of value of to authorize the payment of enything of vetue, or any promise to make such payment, to any official, all or a portion of the payment will be effered, given or offer, a payment, a promise to pay, a promise or offer of

insurance providers to offer international customers any insurance or ceilight quarantees on a par with prevailing tates and practices in international asthets for comparable

in wish of the conceins about the launch services

meeting the needs of domestic Chinese satellite launches, its providers of commercial launch services are only able to offer a milket asprassed by several countries, the FRC suppassed its understanding. The PAC explained that: China has a limited limited number of communications satellite launches each year for international customers. Chinese launch services, therefore, are only a supplement to the world market, providing international capability of manufacturing launch vehicles. customers with a new option.

After mutual and friendly consultations, the U.S. and the PhC agreed:

- (i) PRC providers of connercial launch services shall not launch more than 9 communications satellites for international customers (including the two AUSSAT and one ASIASAT satellites! during the period of this Agreement, and
- (ii) The FAC shall require that any commitments to provide consercial launch services to international customers by PRC launch service providers are proportionately distributed over the period of the Agreement. to this end, the FRC shall prevent a dispruportionate

"Comparable commercial space launch service" is unique to Russian CSLA in that it has definition. It is only mentioned in the PRC CSLA in Art 11(b)(ii)

"Unfair business practices" is not defined in the PRC œ.

China is working on 5 new launch designs that may be used during the follow-on Agreement 10.

China shall not "launch" vice "contract for launch" Russian CSLA Launches must occur during the Agreement, unlike the Russian CSLA Specification of "a communication satellites"; a vice (Russian CSLA); emphasis on COMSATS; no exceptions mentioned; no mention of dual-manifesting

"Proportionately distributed" vice "no more than 2 per 12 month period"

any other entity for the purposes of obtaining or retaining business.

concentration of such consituents during any tworyes

5

- epproximately 19,400 nautical miles (15,800 kilometers) above the auriece of the sarth at the equator in which a payload coupleter one Earth orbit in a 24-hour period, holding a fixed position frestive to the ferth.
- 9. "Geoagnehronous transfar orbit" means a temporary orbit used to reposition a spacecraft or satellite into a geosynchronous Earth orbit.
- 10. *Low earth orbit* means an orbit approximately 100 to 1,000 mautical miles (185 to 1,850 kilometers) above the surface of the Earth.
- 11. *Principal payload* means a telecommunications * [0, satellite or, in the absence of a telecommunications setellite, any other speculation of epocecraft.

ATICLE II

This Agreement applies to comercial space launch services for launches to geosynchronous earth orbit or geosynchronous transfer orbit. Except for the pricing provision set forth in farmicle V, persyraph 3, this Agreement applies to commercial

Article V, persyraph 2, this Agreement applies to commercial space launch services for launches to other orbits and suborbital launches. Mothing in this Agreement applies to launches of pyloads for military purposes or for use in the non-consercial,

- 9. Definition given to GEO, GTO, LEO and Principal Payload,
- 10. Principal payload gives definition tother than COMSATS, It also recognizes the possibility of double manifesting.
- 11. Noted exception to the pricing standard (7.5%) for launches to other orbits and sub-orbital launches

Agreement more than twice the average annual number of in any 3-year period of the Agreement consistent with leunches permitted under aubparagraph (1] above. The PRC shall seek to ensure that PRC launches of communications satellites for international customers, see inducements of any kind in connection with the provision of commercial launch services to international customers which would cicate discrimination against launch service providers of other nations and has no intention of providing such inducements in the future. Accordingly, the PAC stated it agreed not to offer inducements of any kind in connection with the provision of consercial launch services to international customers which would subparagraph (1) above. The PRC shall also require that PRC launch service providers thall not cossit at iny time to launch in any colendar year covered by the performed as acheduled in the original launch commitment. the U.S. stated that the U.S. does not provide government create discrimination against launch service providers of other period of the Agreement. The PAC may make consithents nations. ÷

16.

17.

III. NON-DISCRIMINATION

1. The U.S. stated that U.S. providers of conneccial launch services do not discriminate unfairly against any international customers or suppliers and that it is not U.S. Government policy

- 15. "Anti-bunching" provision is different from that outlined in the Russian CSLA
- 16. This paragraph would be better stated as outlined in Article, II of the Russian CSLA
- 17. In the Russian CSLA it indicates both "international customers" or "potential international customers"

5
to encourage any such unfair discrimination by U.S. providers of consercial launch services.

– 12.

civilian space progress of either Party, including progress using

nembers of the Consomesith of Independent States and which are

exacuted in accordance with existing cooperative agreements.

epacacraft or astallites made by and primarily for the use of

1. The Perties shall endeavor to ansure the application of market principles to international competition among providers or

ARTICLE HI GENERAL PRINCEPLES commercial space launch services, including the avoidance of

below-cost pricing and unfair trade practices.

competition among providers of commercial space launch services,

Including, but not limited to:

2. Weither Party shall engage in practices that distort

the provision of grants or subsidies that distoil the production or operation costs for suppliers of connected space

b. the provision of inducesents to international custoners or potential international customers for commercial apacs launch

Istojaje.

 Accordingly, in implementing its consituents under this Agreement, the FRC shall require that its providers of connectal launch services not discriminate unfairly against any international customers or suppliers.

IV. COMSULTATIONS

1. The PRC and U.S. will consult annually with respect to the obligations in this Agreement and related matters, including the nature and extent of direct and indirect government support provided to commercial launch services providers and developments in the international market for commercial launch services.

2. In addition, each pacty undertakes to enter into consultations within thirty (30) days of a request by the other party to discuss matters of particular concern.

3. During annual consultations, the limitation on the tutal number of communications satellites that may be launched by PRC providers of connectal launch services may be reconsidered upon request of the PRC in light of unforescen developments in the connected launch services market. A U.S. decision on such a request shall be made within thirty (30) days after the completion of the annual consultations.

4. The U.S. and the PRC agree to work toward a common understanding of the application of market principles to prices, terms, and conditions of connectelal launch services for international

19.

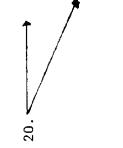
d. the offering of additional services such as insurance or reflight guarantees except an a per with prevailing fates and prectices in international markets for comparable risk;

d. the provision of government-supported financing for commercial space launch vahicles or services except in accord

- 12. Unique provision to the Russian CSLA that specifically exempts payloads for military purposes, non-commercial civilian space programs, and satellite primarily to support the CIS.
- 13. Only statement of "on a par" in the CSLA

- 18. Special consultation isn't specifically called out except that each party undertakes to enter consultations within 30 days (unspecified in Russian CSLA) upon request
- 19. Russian CSLA is a clear formulation of the actions needed to increase the quota (Article VII (4). (Note emphasis on communication satellites in PRC CSLA.)

16. -----17. 1 18 5. organization, subject to its jurisdiction whether or not owned or instrumentalities, shall not engage in unfair business prectices practicas to secure contracts to provide consercial space launch During the term of this Agreement, Russian space launch provide commercial space leunch earwices for the launch of up to providers may not conduct more than two (2) such launches in any to secure contracts to provide consercial space launch services. controlled by that Party, shall not engage in corrupt business proportionate distribution of contracts by Russian space faunch service providers may contract with international customers to transfer orbit, except that the Russian space launch service eight (a) principal payloads (in addition to the INKARSAT) vith the terms of the OECD's "Arrangement on Guidelines for Each Party shell also endsevor to ensure that any antity or tvelve-month period. The Russian Jederation will ansure a satellita; to geosynchronous earth orbit or geosynchrohous The Parties, Including their agence and service providers within any two-year period, **GOAPTITATIVE LIMITS** Officially-Supported Export Credits.* services.



preveiling in the international names for connected launch provide to the PRC auch publicly releasable information as it possesses with respect to prices, terms and constitions (b) The PRC shall each year in advance of such consultations (a) The U.S. shall each year in advance of such consultations

5. To facilitate the annual consultations, the U.S. and

custoners.

the IRC agree to exchange information as fullower

provide comprehensive information to the U.S. regarding prices, terms, and conditions offered by PRC providers of connercial launch services for the launch of satellites licensed by the U.S. The PRC may also provide other information

- that it believes may have a material effect on pricing (c) The PRC may request that the U.S. provide additional practices of PRC providers of connercial launch services.
- provided directly because of business confidentiality, the and likely future developments, as well as government supports or inducements. The U.S. shall respond to such requests If such information cannot be 0.5. views regarding prevailing international market conditions publicly releasable information with respect to international prices, terms and conditions, and may in addition request U.S. shall provide such information in summary form. within thirty (10) days.
- The U.S. may request additional information with respect to the prices, terms, and conditions offered by FRC providers

- 19.

geograchronous earth orbit or geosynchronous transfer orbit may

2. Up to four launches of principal payloads to

consist of two principal psyloads on a single launch vehicle.

- Would this same provision referencing OECD's "Arrangement on Guidelines for officially-supported Export Credits" be applicable to a PRC CSLA
- Contract for launch vice launch as outlined in the PRC CSLA 15.
- Specifies 8 "principal payloads" to GEO vice COMSATS 16.
- Exclusion of INMARSAT 3 17.
- Anti-bunching provision 18.
- Recognized possible double manifesting and allows up to four launches with two principal payloads each .T

- In practice did each party provide information prior to the annual consultations? 20.
- Russian CSLA (Art VII(1)) provides a better formulation of how and when information should be exchanged 21.

The parties shall jointly avaluate each such launch on a case-by-case basis and, taking inte account the current situation in the international comercial apace launch market, may decide by mutual agreement to treat that launch as a single principal payload for the purpose of Article IV, paragraph 1.

3). During the term of this Agrament, Russian space launch service providers may contract to provide commercial space launch destrices for up to three (3) launches of matallites to low earth orbit for the Iridium system.

parsgraph 1, the Parties shall consider jointly on a case-by-case basis and decide by mutual agreement on proposals by Russian appace launches and additional commercial suborbital launches and additional commercial suborbital suborbits and gassynchronous earth orbit, geosynchronous transfer orbit, and low-earth orbit for the Iridius system, where there are competing comparable commercial space launch services.

23.

PRICING

1. The contractual terms and conditions, including the price, of commercial space launch sarvices offered or provided by mussian space launch service providers to international customers shall be comparable to the terms and conditions, including prices, for comparable consercial space launch services offered

23.

of commercial launch estvices and any PAC government supports of inducements. The PAC shall respond to such requests within thirty (10) days. If such information cannot be provided directly because of business confidenciality, the PAC shall provide such information in summery form.

(e) The U.S. and the PRC shall keep all information received from each other under this paragraph trifcily confidential and shall not provide it to any other government or any private person without the written consent of the other.

divence of annual consultations information on a consolidated basis concerning the commitments their launch service providers have undertaken to provide connectial launch services for international customera. This information may be made publicly available.

7. If a saunch of a communications satellite for an international customer will not be performed as scheduled, the PRC shall notify the U.S. regarding the reasons for the delay and the new date for the launch as soon as possible.

6. It is understood that the U.S. and the FRC will review the information contained in this Article during annual consultations in the context of developments in the international market for commercial launch services.

V. CLARIELCATION OF RIGHTS AND OBLICATIONS

 If, after friendly consultations with the PHC, the U.S. determines that there is clear evidence that the provisions of

10. Exclusion of three launches of Iridium satellites to LEO

21. Unlike the PRC CSLA, this Agreement acknowledges LEO launches and treats them on a case-by-case basis

22. Important caveat that distinguish whether a LEO launch, will have to be addressed by both Parties

23. "Comparable commercial space launch services" is defined in Article 1.

22. Provision outlined in para IV(6) is not in the Russian CSLA

23. Provision outlined in para IV(7) is not in the Russian'CSLA

by commercial space launch services providers from market economy countries, including the United States.

to provide commercial space launch service providers to provide commercial space launch services at a price more than quavan and one-helf (7.8) percent below the lowest bid or offer by a commercial space launch service provider from a market economy country, including the United States, shall require spacial consultations between the Percies under Article VII, paragraph 2, of this Agreement.

24.

DETICES VI

THEMMOLOGY CONTROLS

. -: -:

1. Mottlibatanding any other provision of this Agressant, the Parties shall negotiate and conclude prior to each launch a satisfactory technology safequards agreement for each payload subject to a United States export lidense. Such technology safeguards agreement vill be intended to fecilitate the issuance of United States export licenses and shall include requirements relating to the control of the transfer of sissile technology.

2. Any application for a united States export license vill be taylawed on a case-by-case basis consistent vith United States laws and requiations. Mathing in this Agreement shall be sonstrued to seen that the United States is constrained from taking appropriate action with respect to any United States amport license. The United States will use its best efforts to measure, consistent with United States and requiations.

this Agreement have been violated, the U.S. reserves its right to take any action permitted under U.S. lave and regulations. The U.S. shall seek to avoid actions inconsistent with this Agreement.

2. With regard to export licenses, any application for a U.S. export license will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis consistent with U.S. laws and regulations. Nothing in this Agfressent shall be construct to sean that the U.S. la_constrained from tabing any appropriate action with respect To any U.S. export license, consistent with U.S. laws and regulations. Nevertheless, the U.S. will do its utmost to assure, consistent with U.S. laws and regulations, with U.S. laws and regulations, continuity of issued license(s) and the completion of the transactions covered in such license(s).

VI. OISCUSSIONS ON INTERNATIONAL MULES

The U.L. and the PRC are prepared to rater into discussions with other interestyd parties on comprehensive international tales with respect to government involvement in, and other matters relating to, the international market for connecteal launch services. It is understood, however, that nothing in his Agreement shall prejudice any position on any issue that either the U.S. or the PRC may take in those discussions.

24.

VII. COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW

The U.S. and the PRC shall engage in a comprehensive review of the terms and operation of this Agreement beginning in September 1991.

24. 7.5% vice "on par" outlined in the PRC CSLA

5. Technology Controls is unique to the Russian CSLA and calls for the development of a technology safeguards agreement. It also outlines provisions for the review of each export license.

4. Para VI is unique to the PRC CSLA

authorization and completion of technology transfers subject to this Agressent.

MITTELL TIL

COMBULTATIONS

- Agreement and market developments in commercial space launch 1. The Parties shall hold requisr consultations on an annual basis to raview and examine implementation of the services.
- commercial space launch services if possible, at the request of contract or panding contract is inconsistent with the terms of either Party, if that Party has reason to beliave that such 2. The Perties shall hold special consultations on an urgent basis, prior to the conclusion of a contract for this Agreement.
- 3. If, after consultations provided for under this Article, have been violated by the other Party, each Party Feserves Its gight to take any action permitted under its national laws and either Party determines that the provisions of this Agreement requietions.
- for consercial space launch services has developed nore favorably Party's compliance with terms of this Agreement, the quotes set persograph 1 of this Article, the Pertiss sorse that the aerhet than anticipated and if each Party is satisfied with the other 4. If, in the course of the annual reviews provided in

-27.

VIII. CHTEX INTO TORCE

to the Peopla's Republic of China for launch therein, has been this Agreement shall terminate on December 11, 1994, It may be matters relating to, the international market for consercial launch accuices or under such other circumstances as may be export of the ASIASAT or AUSSAT satellite(s), or any other satellite, approved. Unless extended by agreement of the PAC and the U.S., international agreement on government involvement in, and other This Agreement shell enter into force upon notification by of the People's Republic of China that a U.S. license for the terminated at any time by mutual agreement it sugereched by an the Government of the United States of America to the Coveri,ment mutually agreed.

26.

26.

IN MITHESS WKEREOF, the undersigned, being duly suthosized by their respective Governments, have signed this Agreement.

languages, both tests being equally authontic this twonty-sixth bond at hashington, D.C., in duplicate, to the fuglish and Chinese day of January, 1989.

For the Covernment of the United States of America:

ter the Germanni of the People's Republic of China:

- specified as in the PRC CSLA, but noted: "on an urgent No time Special note of "special consultations". 26.
- change the quotas. The notification and implementation Both the Russian and PRC CSLA make provisions to however, are characterized differently. 27.
- license approval vice upon signature as outlined Entry into force is based upon notification of in the Russian CSLA 25.
- possible termination as outlined in the Russian a review three years after signature and then Agreement may be "terminated at anytime" vice 26.

16 forth in Article IV of this Agreement may be increased, by written agreement of the Parties.

INTOMATION EXCENSION

28.

prices, terms and conditions offered for consercial space launch services, terms and conditions offered for consercial space launch services, that is necessary to monitor implementation of the Agreement and cerry out requiar and special consultations. Such information shall be provided promptly, in any case no later than 30 days after receipt of a request by the other Party for such information, except that such information need not be provided prior to bids for commercial space launch estrices.

1. Parties shall protect the confidentiality of inforation axchanged, shall not use any such information for pecuniary gain and shall not release such information to third parties.

AMTICLE II.

1. This Agreement shall enter into force upon algnature and deseate in force until December 31, 2000.

29.

1. The Parties shall review the implementation of this dynament after three years from its entry into force. Fellowing such review, the Parties may, by mutual written egreement.

27.

ANNE

The following agreed definitions constitute an integral part of the Memorandum of Agreement Between the Government of the United States of America and the Covernment of the Propile's Krpublic of China Regarding International Trade in Commercial Launch Services of January 26, 1989.

The term "connected launch services" refers to any connected by
provided launch of any satablite, including communications
catellites, for an international customer.

The term *communications satellite* refers to any satellite
which is a primary payload of a launch, and which provides
telecommunications services. It refers primarily to, but is not
limited to, communications satellites in geostalionary orbit.

29.

. The Lees "international custoner" refers to the following:

(a) any institution of business entity, other than those institutions or entities located within the territory of the PRC and owned or controlled by PPC nationals; or

(b) any government other than that of the PRC; or

(c) any international organization or quasi-governmental consortium;

28. Article VIII is unique to the Russian CSLA

 Agreement shall enter into force "upon signature" vice notification o license approval as outlined in the PRC CSLA 30. Agreement may be terminated after three years (mutual agreement) vice "termin ted at anytime as outlined in the PRC CSLA

27. Annex of Definiations vice embodied in the text of the Agreement as in the Russian CSLA

28. Russian CSLA reads "... refers to any commercially offered or provided including but not limited to.

29. The PRC CSLA again emphasizes COMSATS.

Absent from the PRC CSLA is a definition of "launch service providers."

- 3. Ilther Perty may request negotiations to amend the terms progress in the transition of Russia's space launch sector to a internetianal market for comestoial opate launch services and of this Agreement to take account of developments in the market basis.
- expiration date of this Agreement. Termination of this Agreement will continue to be subject to the provisions of this Agressent 4. Any contract entered into pursuant to this Agreement even if the duration of the contract extends beyond the will not affect contracts entered into pursuent to this Agreement.

duplicate in the English and Russian languages, both texts being DOME at Mashington this second day of September, 1993, in equally authentic.

FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AUTHICA:

FOR THE COVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN (EDETALTION)

which is the ultimate owner or operator of a satellite or which, will delives the satellite to such ultimate owner or operator.

in Article 11 (b)(i) refers to practices by governments of mainth i. The term "practices prevailing in the international miset" economies.

and conditions and the schedule for progress payments offered to international customers by commercial launch service providers in it (b)(ii) includes but is not limited to prices, lineacing terms 5. The term 'prices, terms, and conditions prevailing in the international marker for comparable launch services" in Acticle parket economiet.

(avotable treatment under or access to: defense and national secutity polities and programs, development assistance polities 6. Covernment "inducements" with respect to particular launch services transactions include, but are not limited to, unfrasonable political pressure, the provision of any resources of conneccial value unrelated to the launch service competition and offers of and programs, and general economic policies and programs. (e.g., trade, investment, debt, and intelign exchange policiesi.

custoner with PAC providers of connercial launch services to sounch a communications satesiste, which effectively temoves the The term "commitment" means any agreement by an international

- market" vice "comparable commercial space launch "Practices preveiling in the international services" as outlined in the Russian CSLA 30.
- outlined in the Russian CSLA. Commitment goes Different term "commitment" vice "contract" as so far as explaining that it does not include launch reservation agreements 31.

launch from international connectel competition. The term connitment does not include reservation agreements.

There is no definition of "Geosynchronous earth orbit", Geosynchronous Transfer Orbit", low earth or "principal payload" 32.